VIRGINIA'S SCHOOL PERFORMANCE AND SUPPORT FRAMEWORK

Virginia Board of Education & Virginia Department of Education

Listening Series II

April 2024

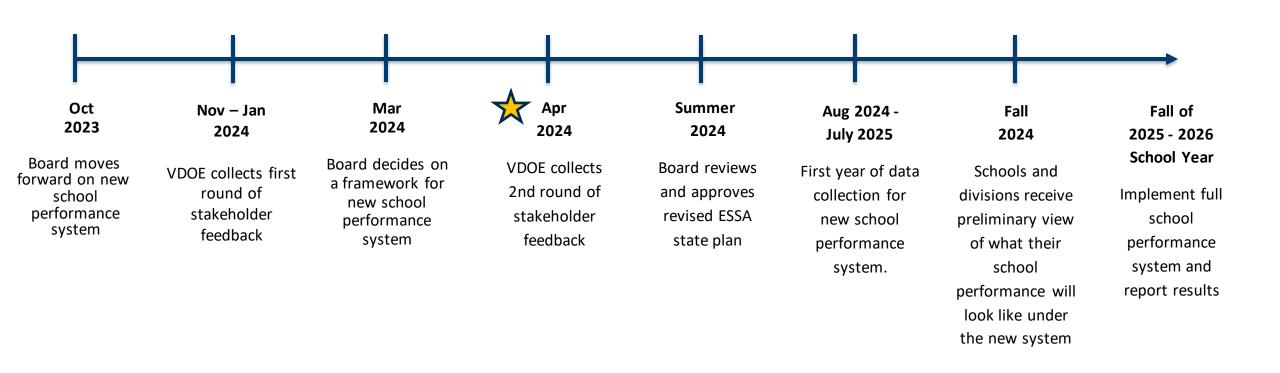


OVERALL GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR THIS WORK

- 1. The North Star is high expectations for every student. Proficiency definitions will be set by benchmarking against the demands of Virginia employers and higher education, as well as against states who have the most rigorous definitions of proficiency in the nation.
- 2. Transparency and access to actionable information will be a hallmark of our approach and our new system.
- 3. Student academic growth and proficiency are both vital measures, but the **system must prioritize getting every student to proficiency/mastery**.
- 4. The purpose of accountability is **to build trust between schools, parents, and students through transparent, concrete, and easy to understand reporting.** We must provide necessary supports and work alongside schools in need of help.
- 5. Stakeholder input is critical. Teachers, parents, students, and education leaders will inform the Board's process to build a best-in-class accreditation and accountability (school performance) system.



Where we have been and where we are going



PURPOSE OF TODAY

Today, we are focused on the following:

- 1. Share the current progress on a revised Performance and Support Framework for schools and school divisions.
- 2. Explain the new way that VDOE will use the current accreditation ratings and the school performance framework to share school health.

3. Gather feedback from the field on other components that will inform the Board's discussions on both the current phase of regulations and on the revisions to Virginia's ESSA State Plan.

Feedback can also be submitted via an online form:

Please submit feedback by end of day April 19th.

Proposed Regulations

CURRENT ACCREDITATION SYSTEM

Virginia's Accountability System

- Reading Proficiency
- Mathematics Proficiency
- Embedded Growth
- English Language Learners
- Chronic Absenteeism
- Graduation Rate
- Accreditation Rating

Virginia's Accreditation System

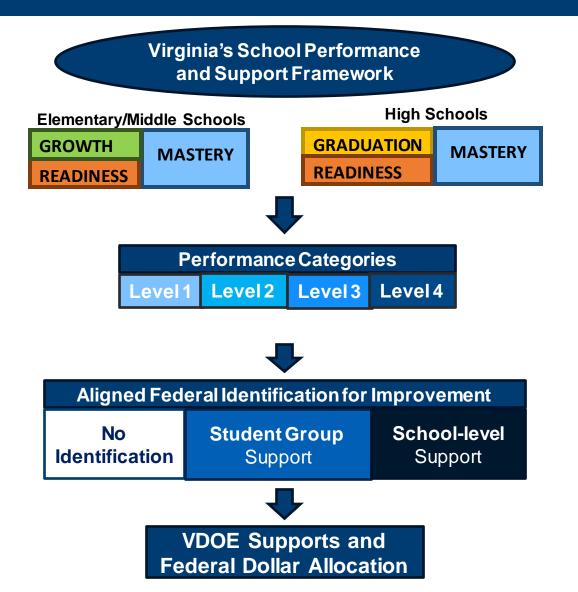
- Combined Rate for Reading and Mathematics (Proficiency and Growth)
- Proficiency in Science
- Combined Rates Reading and Mathematics achievement gaps
- Chronic Absenteeism
- Dropout Rate
- Graduation and Completion Index
- College, Career, and Civic Readiness
 Index



Both are measuring outcomes, and both are identifying two sets of schools for supports



FUTURE SYSTEM: PERFORMANCE & SUPPORT & ACCREDITATION



Virginia's Accreditation System

Eight Components of Compliance, including Comprehensive Supports



Accreditation

Fully Accredited

Conditionally Accredited

Accreditation Denied



Solely to meet state statutory obligations and focused on operational compliance

Reviewing State Board Decisions

BOARD ACTION

Current Board Decisions

- Categories:
 - Achievement or Mastery,
 - Growth (expected vs. formative)
 - Readiness
- Weights for Categories
 - Elementary schools
 - Middle schools
 - High schools
- Four Performance Categories for the Support and Performance Framework NOT for Accreditation
- Support Structures for Schools with Student Group and School-based needs as well as supports for school divisions
- Braiding of federal and state systems to create one system of support

April Feedback For Future Board Sessions

- The specific indicator bullets under each category e.g., performance task or the specific courses under middle school advanced coursework
- The weights of the specific indicator bullets within each category
- The Board did not vote on school labels such as an A-F System, specific bullets in each category, or ways to sanction schools

ELEMENTARY SCHOOL MODELS

GROWTH

25% MASTERY

65%

Potential indicators include:

- **Expected Growth in Reading** Grades (starting grade 4)
- **Expected Growth in Math** Grade (starting grade 4)
- **English Language Progress***

Potential indicators include:

- Reading SOL and VAAP
- Math SOL and VAAP
- Science Grade 5 and VAAP

READINESS

10%

Potential indicators include:

- Access to Learn: Chronic Absence in all grades
- Performance Task

MIDDLE SCHOOL MODELS

GROWTH

20%

MASTERY

60%

Potential indicators include:

- Expected Growth in Reading
- Expected Growth in Math
- English Language Progress*

Potential indicators include:

- Reading SOL and VAAP
- Math SOL and VAAP
- Science Grade 8 and VAAP

READINESS

20%

Potential indicators include:

- Access to Learn: Chronic Absence in all grades
- Middle School Advanced Coursework

HIGH SCHOOL MODELS

GRADUATION 15%

Potential indicators include:

- 4-year Adjusted Cohort Rate
- Graduation and Completion Index (GCI) **

MASTERY

50%

Potential indicators include:

- Reading End of Course and VAAP
- Math End of Course and VAAP
- Science End of Course and VAAP
- English Language Progress*

READINESS

35%

Potential indicators include:

- Access to Learn: Chronic Absence in all grades
- College, Career, Military, and Civic Readiness

Notes: *Some schools may not have this indicator if they do not have English language learners.

** Will require federal approval.

School Performance and Support Framework

MASTERY INDEX: ALL SCHOOLS



100 students in an elementary school

Sample Weights:

1.25 for Advanced

1.0 for Proficient

0.75 for Basic

0.25 for Below Basic



20 score at the **Advanced** level



20 x 1.25 = 25

30 score at the **Proficient** level



30 x 1.0 = 30

30 score at the Basic level



 $30 \times 0.75 = 22.5$

20 score at the Below Basic level



 $20 \times 0.25 = 5$

25 + 30 + 22.5 + 5 = 82.5 points

How should the categories of mastery index be weighted?

*(see Mastery Index handout)

Elementary School Discussion

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS: EXPECTED GROWTH

- Expected Growth and/or Adequate Growth:
 - The current federal growth measure includes grades 4 8.
- Should 3rd Grade growth be included in the school performance and support framework?
 - Year-over-year growth from 2nd to 3rd grade using an expected growth measure that uses VALLS or similar for reading only.
 - Within year 3rd grade growth measure (Fall to Spring) using the Virginia Growth Assessment or alternative "appropriate" growth option.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS: READINESS CATEGORY WEIGHTED AT 10%

Chronic Absenteeism:

What should the percentage of this indicator be within the readiness category?

Fifth Grade Performance Task

This task focuses on disciplinary reading and writing, 5Cs and student choice. *(see Performance Task handout)

For Discussion:

- How much should this indicator be weighted?
- When should this task be given?
- How should student groups such as students with disabilities, English learners be included and supported during this task?

Middle School Discussion

MIDDLE SCHOOLS: READINESS CATEGORY WEIGHTED AT 20%

Chronic Absenteeism:

- What should the percentage of this indicator be within the readiness category?

Advanced Coursework:

- What advanced coursework should be included in the readiness measure?
- (This would be a measure of students taking the coursework and scoring proficient on endof-course exams by the end of 8^{th} grade).
- Examples could include:
 - Mathematics: Algebra I, Geometry, Algebra II
 - Science: Biology, Earth Science, Chemistry
 - English: Grade 11 English End of Course test
 - History and Social Science: World Geography, World History I, World History II, and Virginia and U.S. History
- What should the percentage of this indicator be within the readiness category?

High School Discussion

HIGH SCHOOLS: READINESS CATEGORY WEIGHTED AT 35%

As a reminder all measures must be consistent and available to all schools.

- What student outcomes should be considered for college readiness?
 - AP score of 3, IB score, Cambridge
- What is a "high-demand" industry credential? How should these be weighted?

What could the civics component of this indicator?

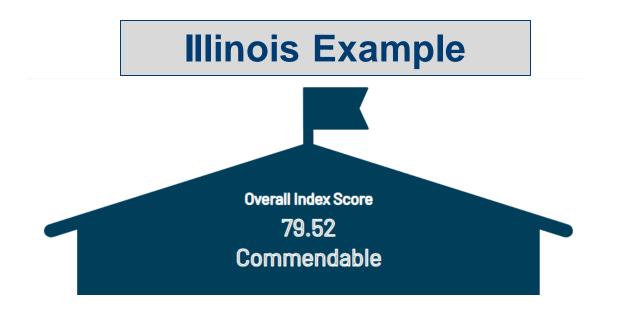
HIGH SCHOOL: GRADUATION RATE WEIGHTED AT 15%

- ALL states must use the four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate (federal graduation indicator) for school performance.
 - These rates can only include students earning Standard or Advanced Studies diplomas.
 - *(see Graduation Rate handout)
- Additional Graduation Rates that recognize more students:
 - **5-, 6-, and/or 7-year adjusted cohort graduation rate:** Includes students that need more than 4 years to graduate.
 - **Graduation or completion measure:** Virginia's **Graduation Completion Index** (used currently for accreditation) is an example and recognizes students who earn any diploma OR certificates of completion/GEDs.
- Should Graduation Completion Index be included in the graduation indicator?

Overall School Supports Discussion

EXAMPLE FOR PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

Performance categories will communicate to the public information on school performance.



Exemplary; Commendable; Targeted Support; Comprehensive Support; Intensive Support

Maine Example

Emerging

Scores at this level indicate the need for support to move the school towards the state's expectation

Developing

Scores at this level indicate that the school is moving towards the state's expectation

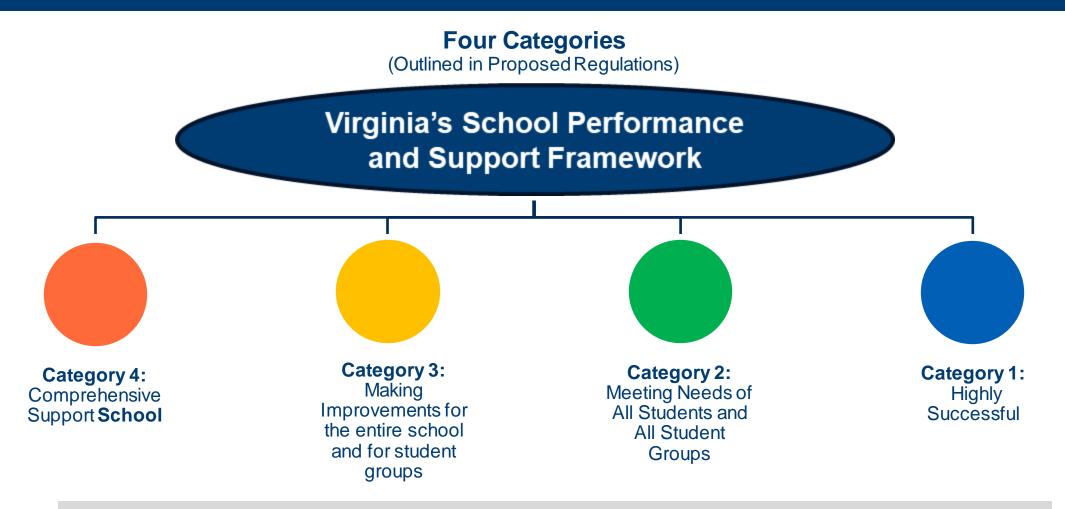
Meeting

Scores at this level indicate that the school is meeting the state's expecation

Excelling

icores at this level indicate that the school is exceeding the state's expectation

FEEDBACK FOR PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES FOR VIRGINIA SCHOOLS



These levels also align to federal supports and allow **one cohesive system** of student performance and support reporting.

FEDERAL CATEGORY FEEDBACK FOR SUPPORT AND PERFORMANCE

Virginia must ALSO identify three groups of schools for support through the Office of School Quality (VDOE).

Comprehensive Support and Improvement School

Schools struggling the most

Targeted Support and Improvement School

Schools with **student group(s)**struggling the most

Additional Targeted Support and Improvement School

Schools that **consistently (3 years)** have **student group(s)**struggle "the most"

What is a student group?

 A student group allows us to see how groups of students are performing separately for all students. Student groups are broken down into the following identified groups: Economically disadvantaged students, children with disabilities, English learners, and students from each major racial/ethnic group.

Questions for Discussion:

- What number or percentage should be considered "struggling the most"?
- How many students should be considered to create a student group (Virginia currently uses 30)?
- What should be the levels of support for each of these three groups?

Thank you!

We appreciate your willingness to partner with us to create Virginia's school performance and support framework.

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