

PERCENTAGE CONSONANTS CORRECT (PCC) IMITATIVE SENTENCE SCORING FORM

Student/Child:				Date of Birth:	/	<u>//</u>	<u> </u>
PCC Probe Date:	/	/	SLP:_				

The abbreviated procedures below are based on the recommendations of Johnson, Weston, and Bain (2004) and Shriberg and Kwiatkowski (1982):

- 1. Imitative samples of 36 sentences with appropriate mean length utterance (MLU) for the student's age should be used. Present sentences using a conversational tone without exaggerated prosodic cues (Johnson, Weston and Bain 2004).
- 2. Mark errors directly on the list of sentences for efficient scoring. Only consonants are scored, not vowels (i.e., only the consonantal /r/ is scored).
- 3. Score only the first production of a consonant if a syllable is repeated (e.g., ba-balloon). Score only the first /b/.
- 4. Do not score consonants if a word is unintelligible or only partially intelligible.
- 5. Errors include substitutions, deletions, distortions, and additions. Voicing errors are only scored for consonants in the initial position of words.
- 6. If /ng/ is replaced with /n/ at the end of a word, do not score it as an error. Likewise, minor sound changes due to informal speech and/or selection of sounds in unstressed syllables are not scored as errors.
- 7. Dialectal variations are not scored as errors.
- 8. To determine the PCC value count the total number of consonant errors and use the formula below.
- We see one big dog. /wi si wΛn big dog/
- 2. Mother talks on the new phone. /m notate take an one nu fon/
- The baby has a pretty toy. /õe bebi hœz ə priti toi/
- 4. Mom says, "Sit down." /mam sεz sɪt daʊn/
- You'll be fine with teacher. /j℧l bi faɪn wɪθ tɪt∫ə/
- 6. Oh no, the door shut! /o℧ no℧ ðə dɔr ∫Λt/
- 7. She looks happy. /∫i l℧ks hæpɪ/
- 8. Some kids are playing. /s/m kidz ar plein/
- 9. She is looking in.
 /∫i IZ l℧kɪŋ ɪn/

- 10. Watch them dance. /wat[ðɛm dæns/
- 11. Now he can read. /ng\u00fc hi kæn rid/
- 12. He took dinosaurs. /hi t\(Tau k\) dainəsərz/
- 13. Look, he can pull. /IUk he kæn pUl/
- 14. They just made cars. /ðeɪ ʤɪs meɪd karz/
- 15. Everybody goes around.
 /ɛvrɪbədɪ goz əraʊnd/
- 16. Now he wants water. /na℧ hi w∧nts watə/
- 17. She fell down.
 /∫i fɛl daʊn/
- 18. What is so funny? /wΛt IZ so fΛnI/

- 19. One boy went behind the balls.

 /w/n boi went behaind ða balz/
- 20. She can't get inside yet. /ji kænt gɛt ɪnsaɪd jɛt/
- I brought bugs and things.
 /αι brot b/\text{gz æn}
 θιηz/
- 22. Pieces are all over. /pisəz ar al ovə/
- 23. He got cold. /hi gat kold/
- 24. Time to clean up. /taɪm tə klin Λρ/
- 25. Put one flower on his head.
 /pʊt w/n flaʊə an ız
 hɛd/
- 26. We want more food.
 /wi w∧nt mor fud/

- 27. A lady climbed. /ə ledi klaimd/
- 28. All kids work.
- 29. Maybe this will move now.
 /mebi ðis wil muv
- 30. They are very tired. /ðe ar veri taið-d/
- 31. We'll rest awhile. /wil rest əwaıl/
- 32. He can open a door. /hi kæn open ə dor/
- 33. Come into the room. /k∇m intu ðə rum/
- 34. The dog is watching.
 /ðə dag ız wat∫ıη/
- 35. Move the bug off. /muv ðə b/\q af/
- 36. Time to go home. /taɪm tə go hom/

273 Consonants - ____errors = ____/273 X100 = PCC SCORE: ____

Permission was granted by the American Speech-Language Hearing Association to reprint Appendix B from Johnson, C. A., Weston, A. D., & Bain, B. A. (2004). An objective and time-efficient method for determining severity of childhood speech delay. American Journal of Speech-Language Pathology, 13, 55–65.